

# Memory Module Specifications

## KF564C32RSA-24

24GB 3G x 64-Bit

DDR5-6400 CL32 288-Pin DIMM



## SPECIFICATIONS

CL(IDD)	40 cycles
Row Cycle Time (tRCmin)	48ns(min.)
Refresh to Active/Refresh Command Time (tRFCmin)	295ns(min.)
Row Active Time (tRASmin)	32ns(min.)
UL Rating	94 V - 0
Operating Temperature	0° C to +85° C
Storage Temperature	-55° C to +100° C

## DESCRIPTION

Kingston FURY KF564C32RSA-24 is a 3G x 64-bit (24GB) DDR5-6400 CL32 SDRAM (Synchronous DRAM) 1Rx8, memory module, based on eight 3G x 8-bit FBGA components per module. The module supports Intel® Extreme Memory Profiles (Intel® XMP) 3.0. Each module has been tested to run at DDR5-6400 at a low latency timing of 32-39-39 at 1.4V. The SPDs are programmed to JEDEC standard latency DDR5-4800 timing of 40-39-39 at 1.1V. Each 288-pin DIMM uses gold contact fingers. The JEDEC standard electrical and mechanical specifications are as follows:

## FEATURES

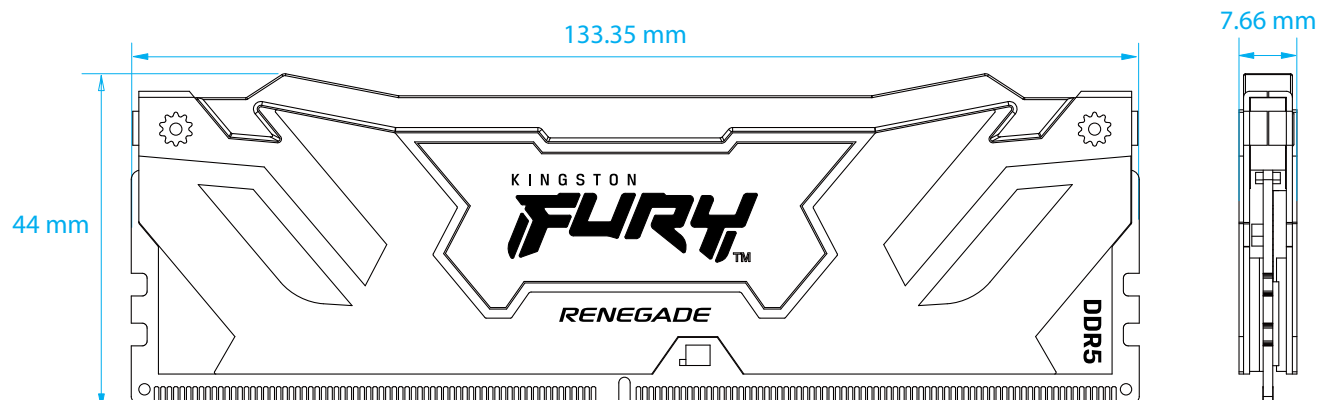
- Power Supply: VDD = 1.1V Typical
- VDDQ = 1.1V Typical
- VPP = 1.8V Typical
- VDDSPD = 1.8V to 2.0V
- On-Die ECC
- Height 1.73" (44.00mm), w/heatsink

## FACTORY TIMING PARAMETERS

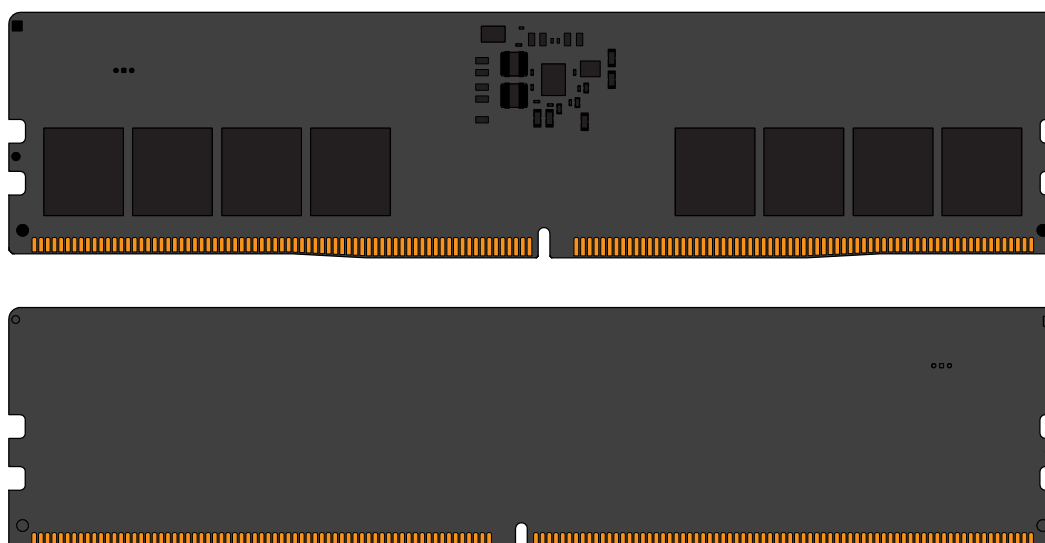
- Default (JEDEC): DDR5-4800 CL40-39-39 @1.1V
- XMP Profile #1: DDR5-6400 CL32-39-39 @1.4V
- XMP Profile #2: DDR5-6000 CL32-38-38 @1.35V
- XMP Profile #3: DDR5-4800 CL38-38-38 @1.1V

Continued >>

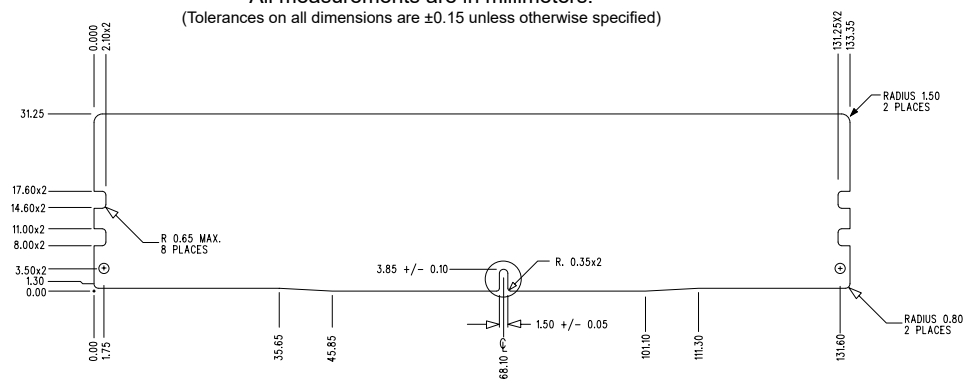
## MODULE WITH HEAT SPREADER



## MODULE DIMENSIONS



All measurements are in millimeters.  
(Tolerances on all dimensions are  $\pm 0.15$  unless otherwise specified)



The product images shown are for illustration purposes only and may not be an exact representation of the product.  
Kingston reserves the right to change any information at anytime without notice.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, GO TO [KINGSTON.COM](https://www.kingston.com)

All Kingston products are tested to meet our published specifications. Some motherboards or system configurations may not operate at the published Kingston FURY memory speeds and timing settings. Kingston does not recommend that any user attempt to run their computers faster than the published speed. Overclocking or modifying your system timing may result in damage to computer components.